



# Arousal both decreases conservativeness and increases attentiveness in a random dot motion decision making task

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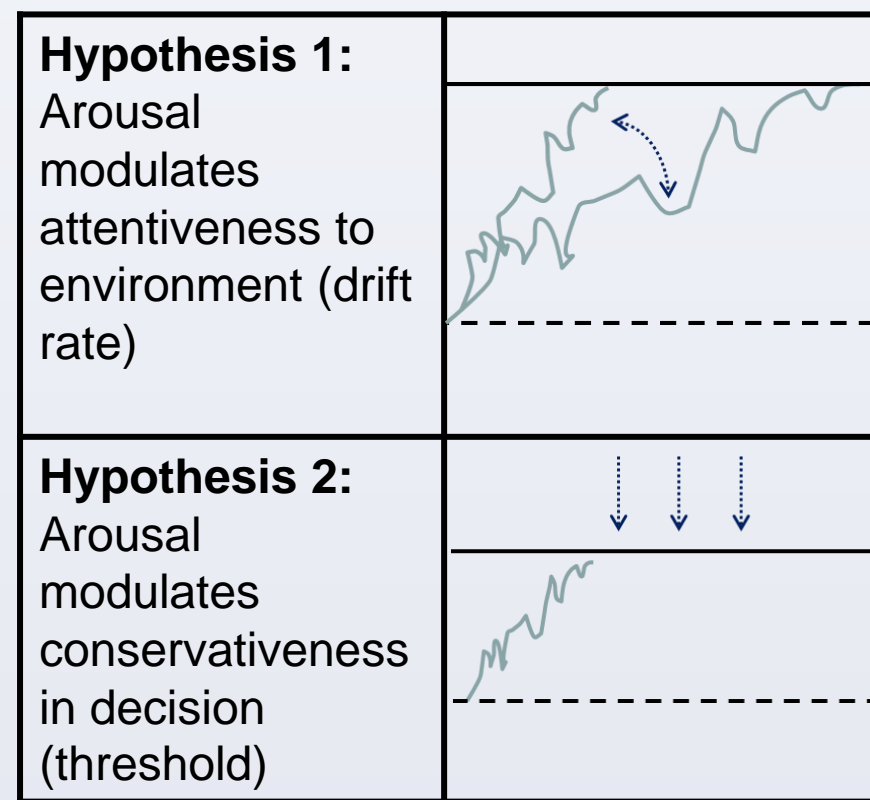
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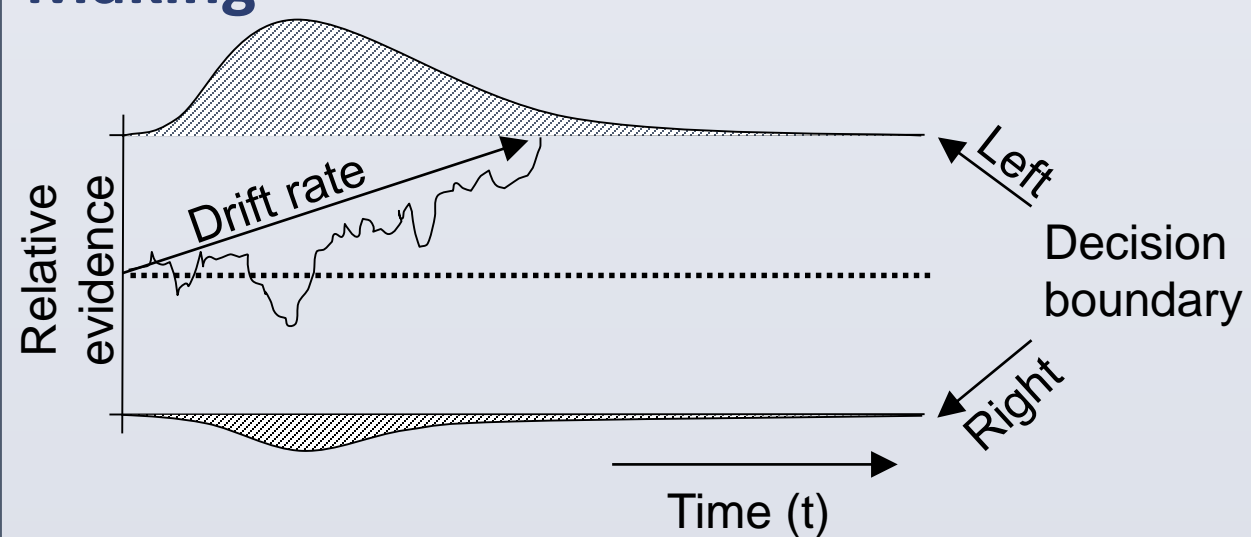
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Arousal is a biological state that should drive faster responses

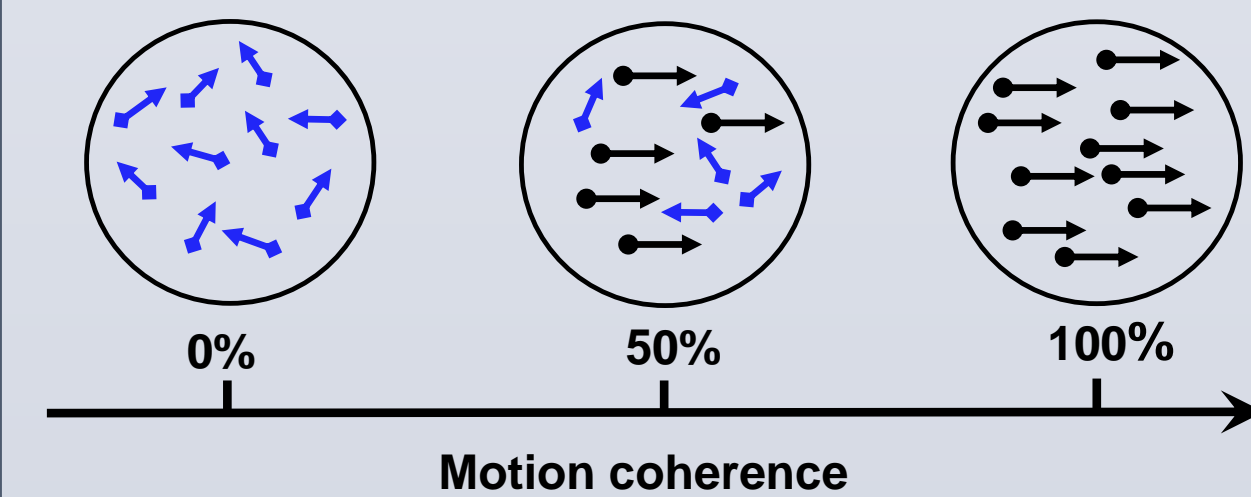
How are decisions affected by arousal?



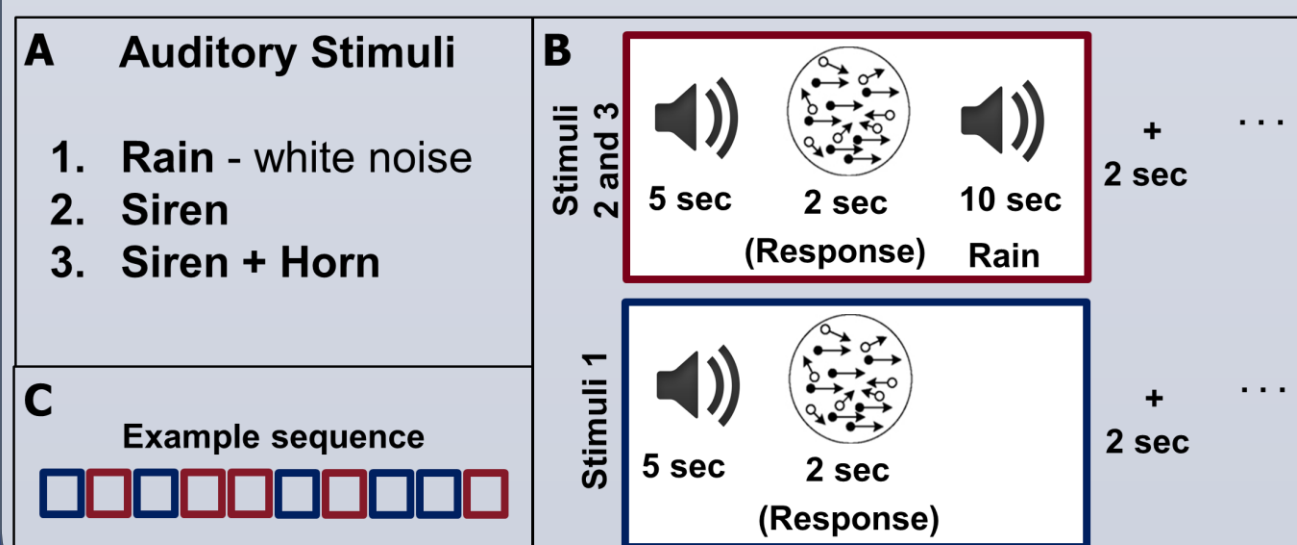
## Drift Diffusion Model (DDM) of Decision Making<sup>1</sup>



## Random dot motion stimulus<sup>2</sup>



## Arousal manipulation before stimulus



## Arousal as a brain body state

### Biometric measures

- Eye tracking/pupilometry, heart rate, galvanic skin response (GSR)
- Automatic detection of emotional facial expressions

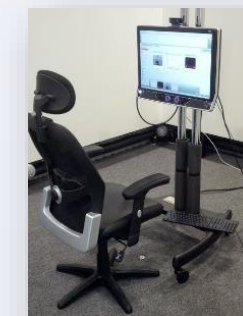


### Electroencephalography (EEG)

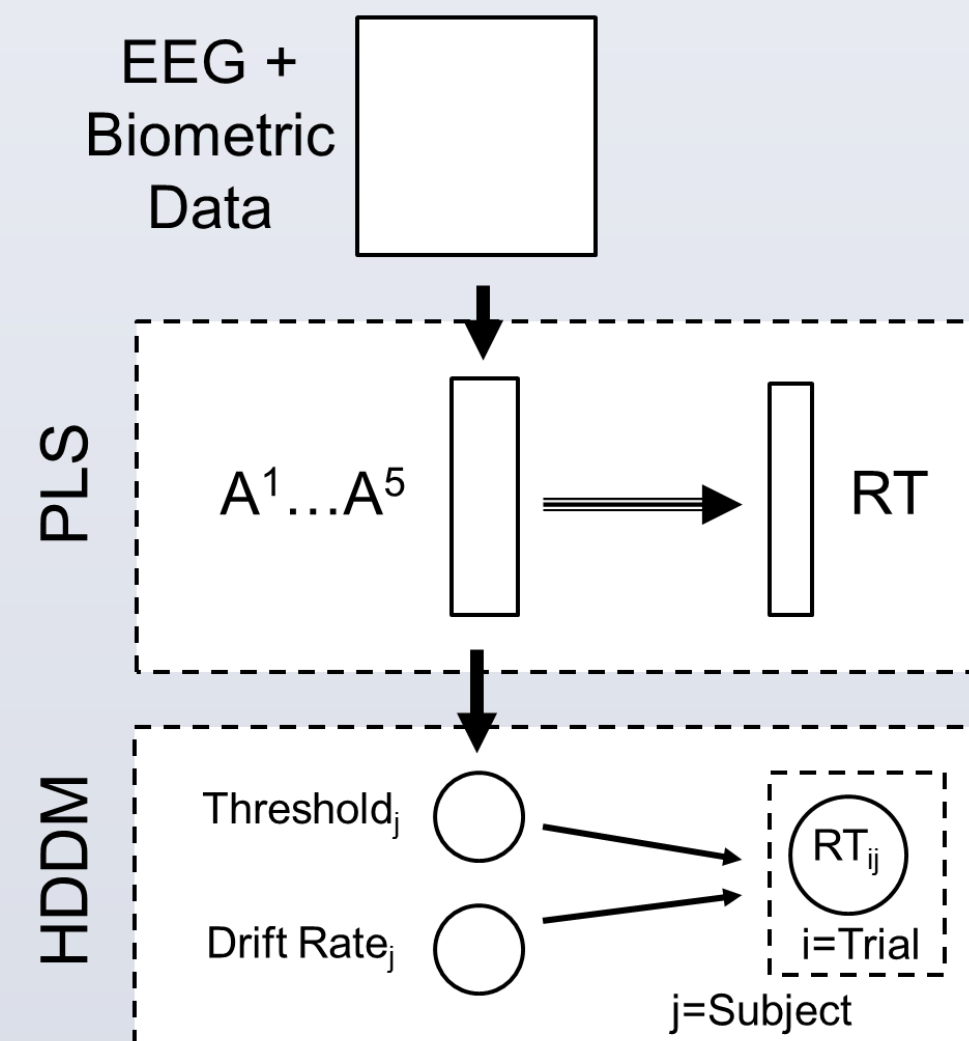
- 64 channel

### Behavioral data

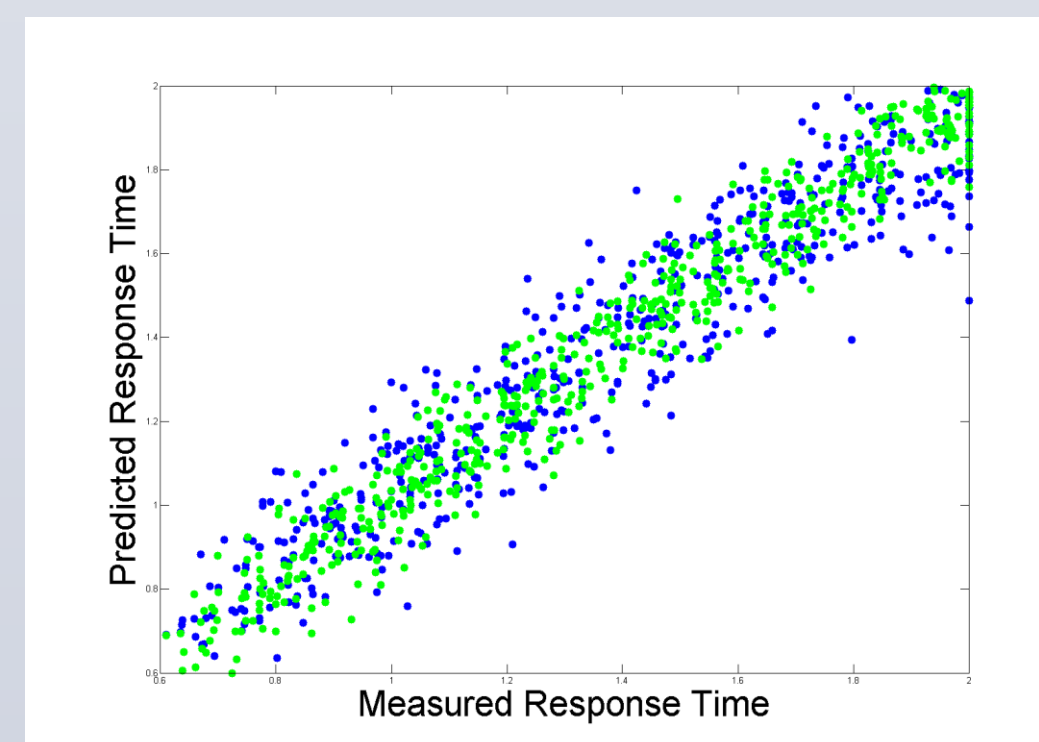
- Decision response time (RT) & accuracy



## Find "arousal" brain body measures and dissociate their influence on decisions



## PLS components accurately predict RT



## Example HDDM<sup>3</sup> regression equation

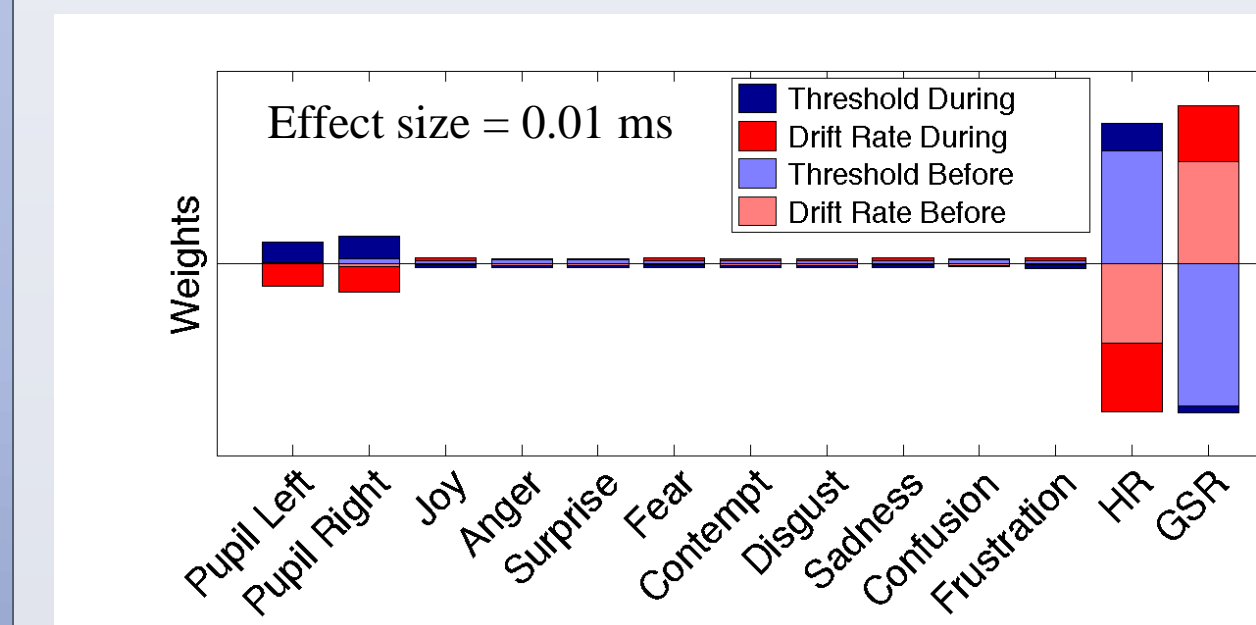
$$\text{Threshold} \sim \text{Before}[A1+...+A5] + \text{During}[A1+...+A5],$$

$$\text{Drift Rate} \sim \text{Before}[A1+...+A5] + \text{During}[A1+...+A5]$$

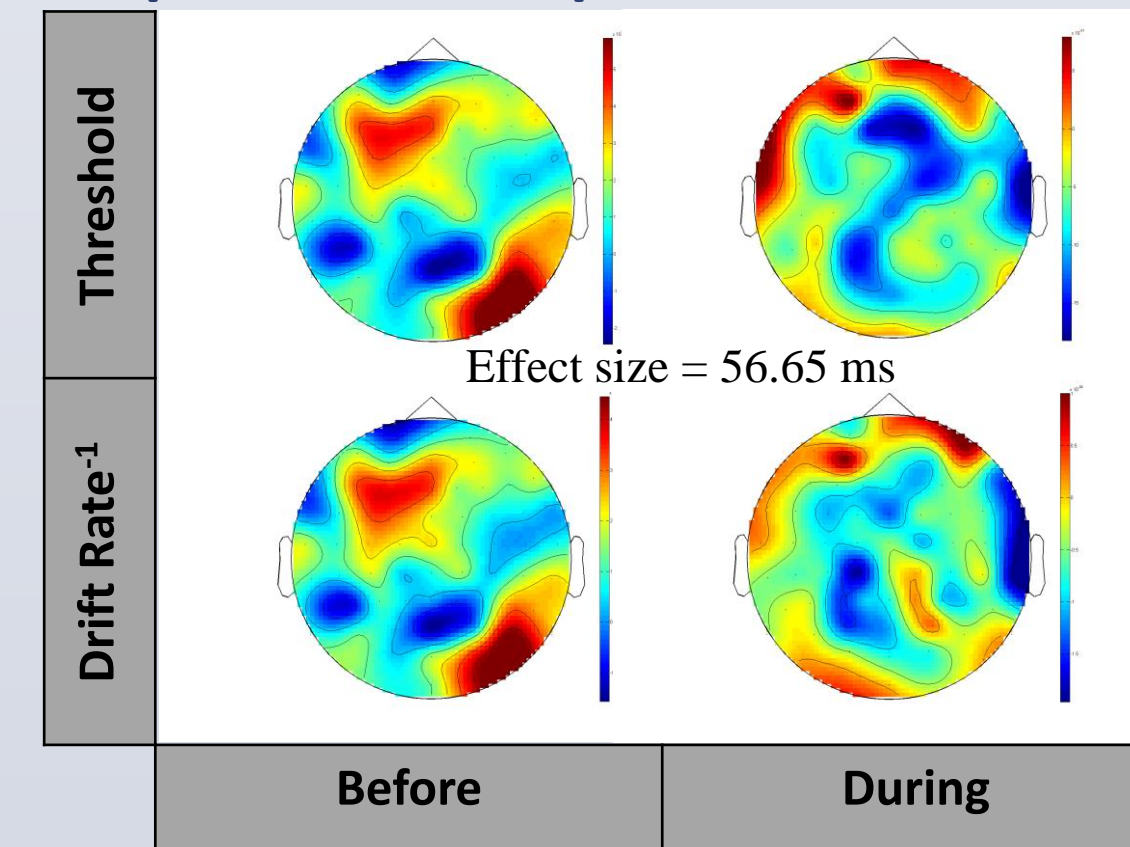
## Biometric/EEG measures are better predictors of RT than stimulus

Model Comparison	Threshold	Drift Rate	Threshold & Drift Rate
Stimulus only	789	640	657
EEG/Biometric only	480	619	443*
EEG/Biometric + Stimulus	492	624	457

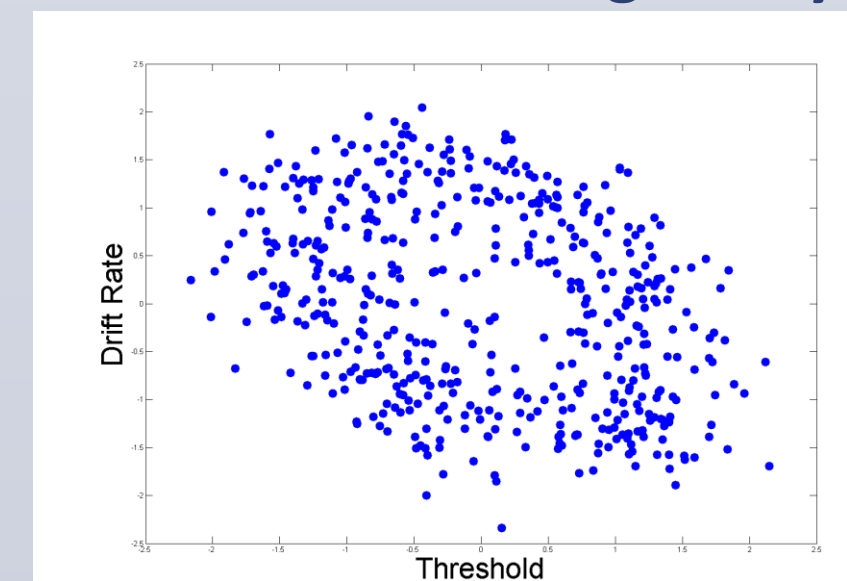
## Biometric measures that predict RT



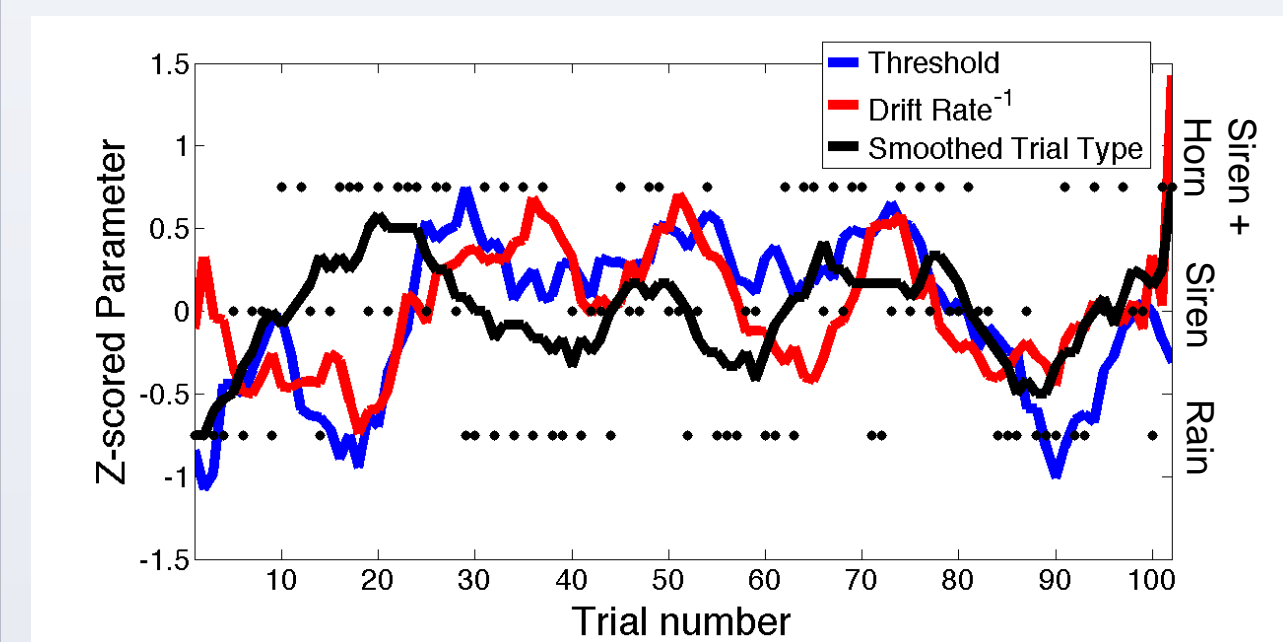
## EEG patterns that predict RT



## Drift rate and threshold negatively correlate



## Threshold and Drift rate lag smoothed stimulus by ~ 5 trials



## Arousal is having a coordinated impact on decisions

- As individuals attentiveness to the environment increases (drift rate), their conservativeness in their decision execution decreases (threshold), and vice versa

## Arousal is a latent state being affected by environment through a slow process of integration

- Process occurs with a time lag of ~5 trials, and is likely integrating a window of 10-20 trials prior
- Arousal state fluctuates in the background influencing decision behavior
- Arousal can be manipulated by external events, but these external experiences are being integrated based on a summation of recent experiences
- We are weighted environmental integrators

### REFERENCES

1. Ratcliff, R., & Rouder, J. N. (1998). Modeling Response Times for Two-Choice Decisions. *Psychological Science*
2. Ball, K., & Sekuler, R. (1982). A specific and enduring improvement in visual motion discrimination. *Science*, 218(4573), 697-698
3. Wiecki, T. V., Sofer, I., & Frank, M. J. (2013). HDDM: Hierarchical Bayesian estimation of the Drift-Diffusion Model in Python. *Frontiers in Neuroinformatics*

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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